

To authorize trial by military commission for violations of the law of war, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

from the Committee on Armed Services, reported the following original bill; which was read twice and placed on the calendar

A BILL

To authorize trial by military commission for violations of the law of war, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Military Commissions

5 Act of 2006".

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress makes the following findings:

1	(1) The Constitution of the United States
2	grants to Congress the power "To define and pun-
3	ish Offenses against the Law of Nations", as well
4	as the power "To declare WarTo raise and support
5	Armies[and] To provide and maintain a Navy''.
6	(2) The military commission is the traditional
7	tribunal for the trial of persons engaged in hostilities
8	for violations of the law of war.
9	(3) Congress has, in the past, both authorized
10	the use of military commission by statute and recog-
11	nized the existence and authority of military com-
12	missions.
13	(4) Military commissions have been convened
14	both by the President and by military commanders
15	in the field to try offenses against the law of war.
16	(5) It is in the national interest for Congress to
17	exercise its authority under the Constitution to enact
18	legislation authorizing and regulating the use of
19	military commissions to try and punish violations of
20	the law of war.
21	(6) Military commissions established and oper-
22	ating under chapter 47A of title 10, United States
23	Code (as enacted by this Act), are regularly con-
24	stituted courts affording, in the words of Common
25	Article 3 of the Geneva Conventions, "all the judicial

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guarantees which are recognized as indispensable by
 civilized peoples".

3 SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION FOR MILITARY COMMISSIONS.

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President is authorized to es-5 tablish military commissions for the trial of alien unlawful enemy combatants engaged in hostilities against the 6 7 United States for violations of the law of war and other 8 offenses specifically made triable by military commission 9 as provided in chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code, 10 and chapter 47A of title 10, United States Code (as en-11 acted by this Act).

12 (b) CONSTRUCTION.—The authority in subsection (a) 13 may not be construed to alter or limit the authority of 14 the President under the Constitution and laws of the 15 United States to establish military commissions for areas 16 declared to be under martial law or in occupied territories 17 should circumstances so require.

18 (c) SCOPE OF PUNISHMENT AUTHORITY.—A military 19 commission established pursuant to subsection (a) shall 20 have authority to impose upon any person found guilty 21 under a proceeding under chapter 47A of title 10, United 22 States Code (as so enacted), a sentence that is appropriate 23 for the offense or offenses for which there is a finding 24 of guilt, including a sentence of death if authorized under 25 such chapter, imprisonment for life or a term of years,

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payment of a fine or restitution, or such other lawful pun ishment or condition of punishment as the military com mission shall direct.

4 (d) EXECUTION OF PUNISHMENT.—The Secretary of
5 Defense is authorized to carry out a sentence of punish6 ment imposed by a military commission established pursu7 ant to subsection (a) in accordance with such procedures
8 as the Secretary may prescribe.

9 (e) ANNUAL REPORT ON TRIALS BY MILITARY COM-10 MISSIONS.—

(1) ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later
than December 31 each year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed
Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on any trials conducted by military
commissions established pursuant to subsection (a)
during such year.

18 (2) FORM.—Each report under this subsection
19 shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may in20 clude a classified annex.

21 SEC. 4. MILITARY COMMISSIONS.

22 (a) MILITARY COMMISSIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle A of title 10,
United States Code, is amended by inserting after
chapter 47 the following new chapter:

1 "CHAPTER 47A—MILITARY COMMISSIONS

"SUBCHAPTER	Sec.
"I. General Provisions	948a.
"II. Composition of Military Commissions	948h.
"III. Pre-Trial Procedure	948q.
"IV. Trial Procedure	949a.
"V. Sentences	949s.
"VI. Post-Trial Procedure and Review of Military Commissions	950a.
"VII. Punitive Matters	950aa

2 "SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

"Sec.

"948a. Definitions."948b. Military commissions generally."948c. Persons subject to military commissions."948d. Jurisdiction of military commissions.

3 **"§ 948a. Definitions**

4	"In this chapter:
5	"(1) ALIEN.—The term 'alien' means an indi-
6	vidual who is not a citizen of the United States.
7	"(2) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—The term
8	'classified information' means the following:
9	"(A) Any information or material that has
10	been determined by the United States Govern-
11	ment pursuant to statute, Executive order, or
12	regulation to require protection against unau-
13	thorized disclosure for reasons of national secu-
14	rity.
15	"(B) Any restricted data, as that term is
16	defined in section 11 y. of the Atomic Energy
17	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(y)).

1	"(3) LAWFUL ENEMY COMBATANT.—The term
2	'lawful enemy combatant' means an individual who
3	is—
4	"(A) a member of the regular forces of a
5	State party engaged in hostilities against the
6	United States;
7	"(B) a member of a militia, volunteer
8	corps, or organized resistance movement belong-
9	ing to a State party engaged in such hostilities,
10	which are under responsible command, wear a
11	fixed distinctive sign recognizable at a distance,
12	carry their arms openly, and abide by the law
13	of war; or
14	"(C) a member of a regular armed force
15	who professes allegiance to a government en-
16	gaged in such hostilities, but not recognized by
17	the United States.
18	"(4) UNLAWFUL ENEMY COMBATANT.—The
19	term 'unlawful enemy combatant' means an indi-
20	vidual engaged in hostilities against the United
21	States who is not a lawful enemy combatant.
22	"§948b. Military commissions generally
23	"(a) PURPOSE.—This chapter establishes procedures
24	governing the use of military commissions to try alien un-
25	lawful enemy combatants engaged in hostilities against the

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United States for violations of the law of war and other
 offenses triable by military commission.

3 "(b) CONSTRUCTION OF PROVISIONS.—The proce-4 dures for military commissions set forth in this chapter 5 are based upon the procedures for trial by general courtsmartial under chapter 47 of this title (the Uniform Code 6 7 of Military Justice). Chapter 47 of this title does not, by 8 its terms, apply to trial by military commission except as 9 specifically provided therein or in this chapter, and many 10 of the provisions of chapter 47 of this title are by their terms inapplicable to military commissions. The judicial 11 12 construction and application of chapter 47 of this title, 13 while instructive, is therefore not of its own force binding on military commissions established under this chapter. 14

15 "(c) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS.—
16 (1) The following provisions of this title shall not apply
17 to trial by military commission under this chapter:

"(A) Section 810 (article 10 of the Uniform
Code of Military Justice), relating to speedy trial,
including any rule of courts-martial relating to
speedy trial.

"(B) Sections 831(a), (b), and (d) (articles
31(a), (b), and (d) of the Uniform Code of Military
Justice), relating to compulsory self-incrimination.

"(C) Section 832 (article 32 of the Uniform
 Code of Military Justice), relating to pretrial inves tigation.

4 "(2) Other provisions of chapter 47 of this title shall
5 apply to trial by military commission under this chapter
6 only to the extent provided by the terms of such provisions
7 or by this chapter.

"(d) TREATMENT OF RULINGS AND PRECEDENTS.— 8 9 The findings, holdings, interpretations, and other prece-10 dents of military commissions under this chapter may not be introduced or considered in any hearing, trial, or other 11 12 proceeding of a court-martial convened under chapter 47 13 of this title. The findings, holdings, interpretations, and other precedents of military commissions under this chap-14 15 ter may not form the basis of any holding, decision, or other determination of a court-martial convened under 16 17 that chapter.

18 "§948c. Persons subject to military commissions

19 "Any alien unlawful enemy combatant engaged in
20 hostilities or having supported hostilities against the
21 United States is subject to trial by military commission
22 as set forth in this chapter.

23 "§ 948d. Jurisdiction of military commissions

24 "A military commission under this chapter shall have25 jurisdiction to try persons subject to this chapter for any

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1 offense made punishable by this chapter, sections 904 and 2 906 of this title (articles 104 and 106 of the Uniform Code 3 of Military Justice), or the law of war, and may, under 4 such limitations as the President may prescribe, adjudge 5 any punishment not forbidden by this chapter, including 6 the penalty of death when authorized under this chapter, 7 chapter 47 of this title, or the law of war. 8 (CULCULADRED II) COMPOSITION OF MIL INARY.

8 "SUBCHAPTER II—COMPOSITION OF MILITARY
 9 COMMISSIONS

"Sec.

"948h. Who may convene military commissions.
"948i. Who may serve on military commissions.
"948j. Military judge of a military commission.
"948k. Detail of trial counsel and defense counsel.
"948l. Detail or employment of reporters and interpreters.
"948m. Number of members; excuse of members; absent and additional members.

10 "§ 948h. Who may convene military commissions

"Military commissions under this chapter may be
convened by the Secretary of Defense or by any officer
or official of the United States designated by the Secretary
for that purpose.

15 "§ 948i. Who may serve on military commissions

16 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Any commissioned officer of the 17 armed forces on active duty is eligible to serve on a mili-18 tary commission under this chapter, including commis-19 sioned officers of the reserve components of the armed 20 forces on active duty, commissioned officers of the Na-

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tional Guard on active duty in Federal service, or retired
 commissioned officers recalled to active duty.

3 "(b) DETAIL OF MEMBERS.—When convening a mili-4 tary commission under this chapter, the convening author-5 ity shall detail as members thereof such members of the armed forces eligible under subsection (a) who, as in the 6 7 opinion of the convening authority, are best qualified for 8 the duty by reason of age, education, training, experience, 9 length of service, and judicial temperament. No member 10 of an armed force is eligible to serve as a member of a military commission when such member is the accuser or 11 12 a witness for the prosecution or has acted as an investi-13 gator or counsel in the same case.

14 "(c) EXCUSE OF MEMBERS.—Before a military com15 mission under this chapter is assembled for the trial of
16 a case, the convening authority may excuse a member
17 from participating in the case.

18 "§948j. Military judge of a military commission

19 "(a) DETAIL OF MILITARY JUDGE.—A military judge 20 shall be detailed to each military commission under this 21 chapter. The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regula-22 tions providing for the manner in which military judges 23 are so detailed to military commissions. The military judge 24 shall preside over each military commission to which he 25 has been detailed.

1 "(b) ELIGIBILITY.—A military judge shall be a com-2 missioned officer of the armed forces who is a member 3 of the bar of a Federal court, or a member of the bar 4 of the highest court of a State, and who is certified to 5 be qualified for duty under section 826 of this title (article 26 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) as a military 6 7 judge in general courts-martial by the Judge Advocate 8 General of the armed force of which such military judge is a member. 9

10 "(c) INELIGIBILITY OF CERTAIN INDIVIDUALS.—No 11 person is eligible to act as military judge in a case of a 12 military commission under this chapter if he is the accuser 13 or a witness or has acted as investigator or a counsel in 14 the same case.

15 "(d) CONSULTATION WITH MEMBERS; INELIGI-16 BILITY TO VOTE.—A military judge detailed to a military 17 commission under this chapter may not consult with the 18 members except in the presence of the accused (except as 19 otherwise provided in section 949d of this title), trial coun-20 sel, and defense counsel, nor may he vote with the mem-21 bers.

"(e) OTHER DUTIES.—A commissioned officer who
is certified to be qualified for duty as a military judge of
a military commission under this chapter may perform
such other duties as are assigned to him by or with the

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approval of the Judge Advocate General of the armed
 force of which such officer is a member or the designee
 of such Judge Advocate General.

4 "(f) PROHIBITION ON EVALUATION OF FITNESS BY
5 CONVENING AUTHORITY.—The convening authority of a
6 military commission under this chapter shall not prepare
7 or review any report concerning the effectiveness, fitness,
8 or efficiency of a military judge detailed to the military
9 commission which relates to his performance of duty as
10 a military judge on the military commission.

11 "§ 948k. Detail of trial counsel and defense counsel

12 "(a) DETAIL OF COUNSEL GENERALLY.—(1) Trial
13 counsel and military defense counsel shall be detailed for
14 each military commission under this chapter.

15 "(2) Assistant trial counsel and assistant and asso16 ciate defense counsel may be detailed for a military com17 mission under this chapter.

18 "(3) Military defense counsel for a military commis-19 sion under this chapter shall be detailed as soon as prac-20 ticable.

"(4) The Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations providing for the manner in which trial counsel and
military defense counsel are detailed for military commissions under this chapter and for the persons who are au-

thorized to detail such counsel for such military commis sions.
 "(b) TRIAL COUNSEL.—Subject to subsection (e),
 trial counsel datailed for a military commission up don this.

4 trial counsel detailed for a military commission under this5 chapter must be—

- 6 "(1) a judge advocate (as that term is defined
 7 in section 801 of this title (article 1 of the Uniform
 8 Code of Military Justice)) who is—
- 9 "(A) a graduate of an accredited law
 10 school or is a member of the bar of a Federal
 11 court or of the highest court of a State; and
- 12 "(B) certified as competent to perform du13 ties as trial counsel before general courts-mar14 tial by the Judge Advocate General of the
 15 armed force of which he is a member; or

"(2) a civilian who is—

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- 17 "(A) a member of the bar of a Federal18 court or of the highest court of a State; and
- 19 "(B) otherwise qualified to practice before
 20 the military commission pursuant to regulations
 21 prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

"(c) MILITARY DEFENSE COUNSEL.—Subject to subsection (e), military defense counsel detailed for a military
commission under this chapter must be a judge advocate
(as so defined) who is—

"(1) a graduate of an accredited law school or
 is a member of the bar of a Federal court or of the
 highest court of a State; and

4 "(2) certified as competent to perform duties as
5 defense counsel before general courts-martial by the
6 Judge Advocate General of the armed force of which
7 he is a member.

8 "(d) CHIEF PROSECUTOR; CHIEF DEFENSE COUN9 SEL.—(1) The Chief Prosecutor in a military commission
10 under this chapter shall meet the requirements set forth
11 in subsection (b)(1).

12 "(2) The Chief Defense Counsel in a military com13 mission under this chapter shall meet the requirements set
14 forth in subsection (c)(1).

15 "(e) Ineligibility of Certain Individuals.—No person who has acted as an investigator, military judge, 16 17 or member of a military commission under this chapter in any case may act later as trial counsel or military de-18 fense counsel in the same case. No person who has acted 19 20 for the prosecution before a military commission under 21 this chapter may act later in the same case for the de-22 fense, nor may any person who has acted for the defense 23 before a military commission under this chapter act later 24 in the same case for the prosecution.

1 "§ 9481. Detail or employment of reporters and inter 2 preters

3 "(a) COURT REPORTERS.—Under such regulations 4 as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe, the convening 5 authority of a military commission under this chapter 6 shall detail to or employ for the military commission quali-7 fied court reporters, who shall prepare a verbatim record 8 of the proceedings of and testimony taken before the mili-9 tary commission.

10 "(b) INTERPRETERS.—Under such regulations as the 11 Secretary of Defense may prescribe, the convening author-12 ity of a military commission under this chapter may detail 13 to or employ for the military commission interpreters who 14 shall interpret for the military commission, and, as nec-15 essary, for trial counsel and defense counsel for the mili-16 tary commission, and for the accused.

17 "(c) TRANSCRIPT; RECORD.—The transcript of a
18 military commission under this chapter shall be under the
19 control of the convening authority of the military commis20 sion, who shall also be responsible for preparing the record
21 of the proceedings of the military commission.

22 "§ 948m. Number of members; excuse of members; ab23 sent and additional members

24 "(a) NUMBER OF MEMBERS.—(1) A military com25 mission under this chapter shall, except as provided in
26 paragraph (2), have at least five members.

1	((2) In a case in which the accused before a military
2	commission under this chapter may be sentenced to a pen-
3	alty of death, the military commission shall have the num-
4	ber of members prescribed by section 949m(c) of this title.
5	"(b) EXCUSE OF MEMBERS.—No member of a mili-
6	tary commission under this chapter may be absent or ex-
7	cused after the military commission has been assembled
8	for the trial of a case unless excused—
9	"(1) as a result of challenge;
10	"(2) by the military judge for physical disability
11	or other good cause; or
12	"(3) by order of the convening authority for
13	good cause.
13 14	good cause. "(c) Absent and Additional Members.—When-
14	"(c) Absent and Additional Members.—When-
14 15	"(c) ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—When- ever a military commission under this chapter is reduced
14 15 16	"(c) ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—When- ever a military commission under this chapter is reduced below the number of members required by subsection (a),
14 15 16 17	"(c) ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—When- ever a military commission under this chapter is reduced below the number of members required by subsection (a), the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority
14 15 16 17 18	"(c) ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—When- ever a military commission under this chapter is reduced below the number of members required by subsection (a), the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority details new members sufficient to provide not less than
14 15 16 17 18 19	"(c) ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—When- ever a military commission under this chapter is reduced below the number of members required by subsection (a), the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority details new members sufficient to provide not less than such number. The trial may proceed with the new mem-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	"(c) ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—When- ever a military commission under this chapter is reduced below the number of members required by subsection (a), the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority details new members sufficient to provide not less than such number. The trial may proceed with the new mem- bers present after the recorded evidence previously intro-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	"(c) ABSENT AND ADDITIONAL MEMBERS.—When- ever a military commission under this chapter is reduced below the number of members required by subsection (a), the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority details new members sufficient to provide not less than such number. The trial may proceed with the new mem- bers present after the recorded evidence previously intro- duced before the members has been read to the military

1 "SUBCHAPTER III—PRE-TRIAL PROCEDURE

"Sec.

"948q. Charges and specifications.

"948r. Compulsory self-incrimination prohibited; statements obtained by torture or cruel inhuman or degrading treatment. "948s. Service of charges.

2 "§948q. Charges and specifications

3 "(a) CHARGES AND SPECIFICATIONS.—Charges and 4 specifications against an accused in a military commission 5 under this chapter shall be signed by a person subject to 6 chapter 47 of this title under oath before a commissioned 7 officer of the armed forces authorized to administer oaths 8 and shall state—

9 "(1) that the signer has personal knowledge of,
10 or reason to believe, the matters set forth therein;
11 and

12 "(2) that they are true in fact to the best of his13 knowledge and belief.

14 "(b) NOTICE TO ACCUSED.—Upon the swearing of
15 the charges and specifications in accordance with sub16 section (a), the accused shall be informed of the charges
17 and specifications against him as soon as practicable.

18 "§948r. Compulsory self-incrimination prohibited;
19 statements obtained by torture or cruel
20 inhuman or degrading treatment

21 "(a) IN GENERAL.—No person shall be required to
22 testify against himself at a proceeding of a military com23 mission under this chapter.

1 "(b) STATEMENTS OBTAINED BY TORTURE OR 2 CRUEL, INHUMAN, OR DEGRADING TREATMENT.—A 3 statement obtained by use of torture or by cruel, inhuman, 4 or degrading treatment prohibited by section 1003 of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 2000dd), 5 whether or not under color of law, shall not be admissible 6 in a military commission under this chapter, except 7 8 against a person accused of torture or such treatment as 9 evidence the statement was made.

10 "(c) STATEMENTS OBTAINED BY ALLEGED COER-11 CION NOT AMOUNTING TO TORTURE OR CRUEL, INHU-12 MAN, OR DEGRADING TREATMENT.—An otherwise admis-13 sible statement obtained through the use of alleged coer-14 cion not amounting to torture or cruel, inhuman, or de-15 grading treatment prohibited by section 1003 of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 may be admitted in evidence 16 in a military commission under this chapter only if the 17 18 military judge finds that—

"(1) the totality of the circumstances under
which the statement was made render it reliable and
possessing sufficient probative value; and

22 "(2) the interests of justice would best be23 served by admission of the statement into evidence.

1 "§ 948s. Service of charges

2 "The trial counsel assigned to a case before a military 3 commission under this chapter shall cause to be served 4 upon the accused and military defense counsel a copy of 5 the charges upon which trial is to be had in English and, 6 if appropriate, in another language that the accused un-7 derstands, sufficiently in advance of trial to prepare a de-8 fense.

9 "SUBCHAPTER IV—TRIAL PROCEDURE

"Sec. "949a. Rules. "949b. Unlawfully influencing action of military commission. "949c. Duties of trial counsel and defense counsel. "949d. Sessions. "949e. Continuances. "949f. Challenges. "949g. Oaths. "949h. Former jeopardy. "949i. Pleas of the accused. "949j. Opportunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence. "949k. Defense of lack of mental responsibility. "949l. Voting and rulings. "949m. Number of votes required. "949n. Military commission to announce action. "9490. Record of trial.

10 **"§949a. Rules**

11 "(a) PROCEDURES AND RULES OF EVIDENCE.—Pre-12 trial, trial, and post-trial procedures, including elements 13 and modes of proof, for cases triable by military commis-14 sion under this chapter may be prescribed by the Secretary 15 of Defense. Such procedures may not be contrary to or 16 inconsistent with this chapter. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or chapter 47 of this title, the proce-17 dures and rules of evidence applicable in trials by general 18

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courts-martial of the United States shall apply in trials
 by military commission under this chapter.

3 "(b) EXCEPTIONS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense, in 4 consultation with the Attorney General, may make such 5 exceptions in the applicability in trials by military commission under this chapter from the procedures and rules of 6 7 evidence otherwise applicable in general courts-martial as 8 may be required by the unique circumstances of the con-9 duct of military and intelligence operations during hos-10 tilities or by other practical need.

"(2) Notwithstanding any exceptions authorized by
paragraph (1), the procedures and rules of evidence in
trials by military commission under this chapter shall include, at a minimum, the following rights:

15 "(A) To examine and respond to all evidence
16 considered by the military commission on the issue
17 of guilt or innocence and for sentencing.

18 "(B) To be present at all sessions of the mili19 tary commission (other than those for deliberations
20 or voting), except when excluded under section 949d
21 of this title.

22 "(C) To the assistance of counsel.

23 "(D) To self-representation, if the accused
24 knowingly and competently waives the assistance of
25 counsel, subject to the provisions of paragraph (4).

1	"(E) To the suppression of evidence that is not
2	reliable or probative.
3	"(F) To the suppression of evidence the pro-
4	bative value of which is substantially outweighed
5	by—
6	"(i) the danger of unfair prejudice, confu-
7	sion of the issues, or misleading the members;
8	or
9	"(ii) considerations of undue delay, waste
10	of time, or needless presentation of cumulative
11	evidence.
12	"(3) In making exceptions in the applicability in
13	trials by military commission under this chapter from the
14	procedures and rules otherwise applicable in general
15	courts-martial, the Secretary of Defense may provide the
16	following:
17	"(A) Evidence seized outside the United States
18	shall not be excluded from trial by military commis-
19	sion on the grounds that the evidence was not seized
20	pursuant to a search warrant or authorization.
21	"(B) A statement of the accused that is other-
22	wise admissible shall not be excluded from trial by
23	military commission on grounds of alleged coercion
24	or compulsory self-incrimination so long as the evi-

1	dence complies with the provisions of section 948r of
2	this title.
3	"(C) Evidence shall be admitted as authentic so
4	long as—
5	"(i) the military judge of the military com-
6	mission determines that there is sufficient evi-
7	dence that the evidence is what it is claimed to
8	be; and
9	"(ii) the military judge instructs the mem-
10	bers that they may consider any issue as to au-
11	thentication or identification of evidence in de-
12	termining the weight, if any, to be given to the
13	evidence.
14	"(D) Hearsay evidence not otherwise admissible
15	under the rules of evidence applicable in trial by
16	general courts-martial may be admitted in a trial by
17	military commission only if—
18	"(i) the proponent of the evidence makes
19	known to the adverse party, sufficiently in ad-
20	vance of trial or hearing to provide the adverse
21	party with a fair opportunity to meet the evi-
22	dence, the proponent's intention to offer the
23	evidence, and the particulars of the evidence
24	(including information on the circumstances
25	under which the evidence was obtained); and

1 "(ii) the military judge finds that the total-2 ity of the circumstances render the evidence 3 more probative on the point for which it is offered than other evidence which the proponent 4 5 can procure through reasonable efforts, taking 6 into consideration the unique circumstances of the conduct of military and intelligence oper-7 8 ations during hostilities.

9 "(4)(A) The accused in a military commission under 10 this chapter who exercises the right to self-representation 11 under paragraph (2)(D) shall conform his deportment and 12 the conduct of the defense to the rules of evidence, proce-13 dure, and decorum applicable to trials by military commis-14 sion.

15 "(B) Failure of the accused to conform to the rules 16 described in subparagraph (A) may result in a partial or 17 total revocation by the military judge of the right of self-18 representation under paragraph (2)(D). In such case, the 19 detailed defense counsel of the accused or an appropriately 20 authorized civilian counsel shall perform the functions nec-21 essary for the defense.

"(c) DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PRESCRIBE
REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense may delegate
the authority of the Secretary to prescribe regulations
under this chapter.

1 "§949b. Unlawfully influencing action of military 2 commission

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) No authority convening a 4 military commission under this chapter may censure, rep-5 rimand, or admonish the military commission, or any 6 member, military judge, or counsel thereof, with respect 7 to the findings or sentence adjudged by the military com-8 mission, or with respect to any other exercises of its or 9 their functions in the conduct of the proceedings.

10 "(2) No person may attempt to coerce or, by any un-11 authorized means, influence—

12 "(A) the action of a military commission under
13 this chapter, or any member thereof, in reaching the
14 findings or sentence in any case;

"(B) the action of any convening, approving, or
reviewing authority with respect to their judicial
acts; or

18 "(C) the exercise of professional judgment by19 trial counsel or defense counsel.

20 "(3) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply21 with respect to—

"(A) general instructional or informational
courses in military justice if such courses are designed solely for the purpose of instructing members
of a command in the substantive and procedural aspects of military commissions; or

"(B) statements and instructions given in open
 proceedings by a military judge or counsel.

3 "(b) PROHIBITION ON CONSIDERATION OF ACTIONS ON COMMISSION IN EVALUATION OF FITNESS.—In the 4 preparation of an effectiveness, fitness, or efficiency report 5 or any other report or document used in whole or in part 6 7 for the purpose of determining whether a commissioned 8 officer of the armed forces is qualified to be advanced in 9 grade, or in determining the assignment or transfer of any 10 such officer or whether any such officer should be retained 11 on active duty, no person may—

12 "(1) consider or evaluate the performance of
13 duty of any member of a military commission under
14 this chapter; or

"(2) give a less favorable rating or evaluation
to any commissioned officer because of the zeal with
which such officer, in acting as counsel, represented
any accused before a military commission under this
chapter.

20 "§ 949c. Duties of trial counsel and defense counsel

21 "(a) TRIAL COUNSEL.—The trial counsel of a mili22 tary commission under this chapter shall prosecute in the
23 name of the United States.

1	"(b) Defense Counsel.—(1) The accused shall be
2	represented in his defense before a military commission
3	under this chapter as provided in this subsection.
4	((2) The accused shall be represented by military
5	counsel detailed under section 948k of this title.
6	((3) The accused may be represented by civilian
7	counsel if retained by the accused, provided that such civil-
8	ian counsel—
9	"(A) is a United States citizen;
10	"(B) is admitted to the practice of law in a
11	State, district, or possession of the United States, or
12	before a Federal court;
13	"(C) has not been the subject of any sanction
14	of disciplinary action by any court, bar, or other
15	competent governmental authority for relevant mis-
16	conduct;
17	"(D) has been determined to be eligible for ac-
18	cess to information classified at the level Secret or
19	higher; and
20	"(E) has signed a written agreement to comply
21	with all applicable regulations or instructions for
22	counsel, including any rules of court for conduct
23	during the proceedings.
24	"(4) If the accused is represented by civilian counsel,
25	military counsel detailed shall act as associate counsel.

1 "(5) The accused is not entitled to be represented by 2 more than one military counsel. However, the person au-3 thorized under regulations prescribed under section 948k 4 of this title to detail counsel, in such person's sole discre-5 tion, may detail additional military counsel to represent 6 the accused.

7 "(6) Defense counsel may cross-examine each witness
8 for the prosecution who testifies before a military commis9 sion under this chapter.

10 **"§949d. Sessions**

11 "(a) SESSIONS WITHOUT PRESENCE OF MEM-12 BERS.—(1) At any time after the service of charges which 13 have been referred for trial by military commission under 14 this chapter, the military judge may call the military com-15 mission into session without the presence of the members 16 for the purpose of—

"(A) hearing and determining motions raising
defenses or objections which are capable of determination without trial of the issues raised by a plea
of not guilty;

"(B) hearing and ruling upon any matter which
may be ruled upon by the military judge under this
chapter, whether or not the matter is appropriate for
later consideration or decision by the members;

"(C) if permitted by regulations prescribed by
 the Secretary of Defense, receiving the pleas of the
 accused; and

4 "(D) performing any other procedural function
5 which may be performed by the military judge under
6 this chapter or under rules prescribed pursuant to
7 section 949a of this title and which does not require
8 the presence of the members.

9 "(2) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and 10 (d), any proceedings under paragraph (1) shall be con-11 ducted in the presence of the accused, defense counsel, and 12 trial counsel, and shall be made part of the record.

13 "(b) DELIBERATION OR VOTE OF MEMBERS.—When
14 the members of a military commission under this chapter
15 deliberate or vote, only the members may be present.

16 "(c) CLOSURE OF PROCEEDINGS.—(1) The military
17 judge may close to the public all or part of the proceedings
18 of a military commission under this chapter.

"(2) The military judge may close to the public all
or a portion of the proceedings under paragraph (1) only
upon making a specific finding that such closure is necessary to—

23 "(A) protect information the disclosure of which24 could reasonably be expected to cause damage to the

1 national security, including intelligence or law en-2 forcement sources, methods, or activities; or 3 "(B) ensure the physical safety of individuals. "(3) A finding under paragraph (2) may be based 4 5 upon a presentation, including a presentation ex parte or in camera, by either trial counsel or defense counsel. 6 7 "(4)(A) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, 8 classified information shall be handled in accordance with 9 rules applicable in trials by general courts-martial of the

10 United States.

"(B) Classified information shall be protected and is
privileged from disclosure if disclosure would be detrimental to the national security. This subparagraph applies
to all stages of proceedings of military commissions under
this chapter.

16 "(C) After the original classification authority or 17 head of the agency concerned has certified in writing that 18 evidence and the sources thereof have been declassified to 19 the maximum extent possible, consistent with the require-20 ments of national security, the military judge may, to the 21 extent practicable in accordance with the rules applicable 22 in trials by court-martial, authorize—

23 "(i) the deletion of specified items of classified
24 information from documents made available to the
25 accused;

1 "(ii) the substitution of a portion or summary 2 of the information for such classified documents; or 3 "(iii) the substitution of a statement admitting 4 relevant facts that the classified information would 5 tend to prove. 6 "(D) A claim of privilege under this paragraph, and 7 any materials in support thereof, shall, upon the request 8 of the Government, be considered by the military judge in camera and shall not be disclosed to the accused. 9 10 "(d) EXCLUSION OF ACCUSED FROM CERTAIN PRO-11 CEEDINGS.—The military judge may exclude the accused 12 from any portion of a proceeding upon a determination 13 that, after being warned by the military judge, the accused persists in conduct that justifies exclusion from the court-14 15 room-"(1) to ensure the physical safety of individuals; 16 17 or 18 "(2) to prevent disruption of the proceedings by 19 the accused. 20 "§ 949e. Continuances 21 "The military judge in a military commission under 22 this chapter may, for reasonable cause, grant a continu-

ance to any party for such time, and as often, as may

24 appear to be just.

23

1 "§ 949f. Challenges

2 "(a) CHALLENGES AUTHORIZED.—The military 3 judge and members of a military commission under this chapter may be challenged by the accused or trial counsel 4 for cause stated to the military commission. The military 5 judge shall determine the relevance and validity of chal-6 7 lenges for cause, and may not receive a challenge to more than one person at a time. Challenges by trial counsel 8 9 shall ordinarily be presented and decided before those by 10 the accused are offered.

11 "(b) PEREMPTORY CHALLENGES.—The accused and
12 trial counsel are each entitled to one peremptory challenge,
13 but the military judge may not be challenged except for
14 cause.

15 "(c) CHALLENGES AGAINST ADDITIONAL MEM-16 BERS.—Whenever additional members are detailed to a 17 military commission under this chapter, and after any 18 challenges for cause against such additional members are 19 presented and decided, the accused and trial counsel are 20 each entitled to one peremptory challenge against mem-21 bers not previously subject to peremptory challenge.

22 **"§ 949g. Oaths**

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Before performing their re24 spective duties in a military commission under this chap25 ter, military judges, members, trial counsel, defense coun-

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sel, reporters, and interpreters shall take an oath to per form their duties faithfully.

- 3 "(2) The form of the oath required by paragraph (1),
 4 the time and place of the taking thereof, the manner of
 5 recording thereof, and whether the oath shall be taken for
 6 all cases in which duties are to be performed or for a par7 ticular case, shall be as provided in regulations prescribed
 8 by the Secretary of Defense. The regulations may provide
 9 that—
- "(A) an oath to perform faithfully duties as a
 military judge, trial counsel, or defense counsel may
 be taken at any time by any judge advocate or other
 person certified to be qualified or competent for the
 duty; and
- 15 "(B) if such an oath is taken, such oath need
 16 not again be taken at the time the judge advocate
 17 or other person is detailed to that duty.

18 "(b) WITNESSES.—Each witness before a military
19 commission under this chapter shall be examined on oath.
20 "(c) OATH DEFINED.—In this section, the term
21 'oath' includes an affirmation.

22 "§ 949h. Former jeopardy

23 "(a) IN GENERAL.—No person may, without his con24 sent, be tried by a military commission under this chapter
25 a second time for the same offense.

1 "(b) SCOPE OF TRIAL.—No proceeding in which the 2 accused has been found guilty by military commission 3 under this chapter upon any charge or specification is a 4 trial in the sense of this section until the finding of guilty 5 has become final after review of the case has been fully 6 completed.

7 "§ 949i. Pleas of the accused

8 "(a) PLEA OF NOT GUILTY.—If an accused in a mili-9 tary commission under this chapter after a plea of guilty 10 sets up matter inconsistent with the plea, or if it appears that the accused has entered the plea of guilty through 11 lack of understanding of its meaning and effect, or if the 12 13 accused fails or refuses to plead, a plea of not guilty shall be entered in the record, and the military commission shall 14 15 proceed as though the accused had pleaded not guilty.

16 "(b) FINDING OF GUILT AFTER GUILTY PLEA.— 17 With respect to any charge or specification to which a plea of guilty has been made by the accused in a military com-18 19 mission under this chapter and accepted by the military 20 judge, a finding of guilty of the charge or specification 21 may be entered immediately without a vote. The finding 22 shall constitute the finding of the military commission un-23 less the plea of guilty is withdrawn prior to announcement 24 of the sentence, in which event the proceedings shall con-25 tinue as though the accused had pleaded not guilty.

1 "§ 949j. Opportunity to obtain witnesses and other 2 evidence

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Defense counsel in a military 4 commission under this chapter shall have a reasonable op-5 portunity to obtain witnesses and other evidence as pro-6 vided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of De-7 fense.

8 "(2) Process issued in military commissions under
9 this chapter to compel witnesses to appear and testify and
10 to compel the production of other evidence—

"(A) shall be similar to that which courts of the
United States having criminal jurisdiction may lawfully issue; and

14 "(B) shall run to any place where the United15 States shall have jurisdiction thereof.

16 "(b) DISCLOSURE OF EXCULPATORY EVIDENCE.—As
17 soon as practicable, trial counsel in a military commission
18 under this chapter shall disclose to the defense the exist19 ence of any known evidence that reasonably tends to excul20 pate or reduce the degree of guilt of the accused.

"(c) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ITEMS.—In accordance with the rules applicable in trials by general courtsmartial in the United States, and to the extent provided
in such rules, the military judge in a military commission
under this chapter may authorize trial counsel, in making

documents available to the accused pursuant to sub sections (a) and (b)—

3 "(1) to delete specified items of classified infor4 mation from such documents;

5 "(2) to substitute an unclassified summary of
6 the classified information in such documents; or

7 "(3) to substitute an unclassified statement ad8 mitting relevant facts that classified information in
9 such documents would tend to prove.

10 "§ 949k. Defense of lack of mental responsibility

11 "(a) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.—It is an affirmative 12 defense in a trial by military commission under this chap-13 ter that, at the time of the commission of the acts constituting the offense, the accused, as a result of a severe 14 15 mental disease or defect, was unable to appreciate the nature and quality or the wrongfulness of the acts. Mental 16 17 disease or defect does not otherwise constitute a defense. 18 "(b) BURDEN OF PROOF.—The accused in a military commission under this chapter has the burden of proving 19

20 the defense of lack of mental responsibility by clear and21 convincing evidence.

"(c) FINDINGS FOLLOWING ASSERTION OF DEFENSE.—Whenever lack of mental responsibility of the accused with respect to an offense is properly at issue in
a military commission under this chapter, the military

judge shall instruct the members as to the defense of lack
 of mental responsibility under this section and shall
 charge the members to find the accused—

- 4 "(1) guilty;
- 5 ((2) not guilty; or

6 "(3) subject to subsection (d), not guilty by rea-7 son of lack of mental responsibility.

8 "(d) MAJORITY VOTE REQUIRED FOR FINDING.— 9 The accused shall be found not guilty by reason of lack 10 of mental responsibility under subsection (c)(3) only if a 11 majority of the members present at the time the vote is 12 taken determines that the defense of lack of mental re-13 sponsibility has been established.

14 **"§ 9491. Voting and rulings**

15 "(a) VOTE BY SECRET WRITTEN BALLOT.—Voting
16 by members of a military commission under this chapter
17 on the findings and on the sentence shall be by secret writ18 ten ballot.

"(b) RULINGS.—(1) The military judge in a military
commission under this chapter shall rule upon all questions of law, including the admissibility of evidence and
all interlocutory questions arising during the proceedings.

23 "(2) Any ruling made by the military judge upon a
24 question of law or an interlocutory question (other than
25 the factual issue of mental responsibility of the accused)

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is conclusive and constitutes the ruling of the military
 commission. However, a military judge may change his
 ruling at any time during the trial.

4 "(c) INSTRUCTIONS PRIOR TO VOTE.—Before a vote 5 is taken of the findings of a military commission under 6 this chapter, the military judge shall, in the presence of 7 the accused and counsel, instruct the members as to the 8 elements of the offense and charge the members—

9 "(1) that the accused must be presumed to be
10 innocent until his guilt is established by legal and
11 competent evidence beyond a reasonable doubt;

"(2) that in the case being considered, if there
is a reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the accused,
the doubt must be resolved in favor of the accused
and he must be acquitted;

16 "(3) that, if there is reasonable doubt as to the 17 degree of guilt, the finding must be in a lower de-18 gree as to which there is no reasonable doubt; and 19 "(4) that the burden of proof to establish the 20 guilt of the accused beyond a reasonable doubt is 21 upon the United States.

22 "§ 949m. Number of votes required

23 "(a) CONVICTION.—No person may be convicted by
24 a military commission under this chapter of any offense,
25 except as provided in section 949i(b) of this title or by

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concurrence of two-thirds of the members present at the
 time the vote is taken.

3 "(b) SENTENCES.—(1) Except as provided in para4 graphs (2) and (3), sentences shall be determined by a
5 military commission by the concurrence of two-thirds of
6 the members present at the time the vote is taken.

7 "(2) No person may be sentenced to death by a mili8 tary commission, except insofar as—

9 "(A) the penalty of death has been expressly 10 authorized under this chapter, chapter 47 of this 11 title, or the law of war for an offense of which the 12 accused has been found guilty;

13 "(B) trial counsel expressly sought the penalty
14 of death by filing an appropriate notice in advance
15 of trial;

16 "(C) the accused was convicted of the offense
17 by the concurrence of all the members present at the
18 time the vote is taken; and

19 "(D) all members present at the time the vote20 was taken concurred in the sentence of death.

21 "(3) No person may be sentenced to life imprison22 ment, or to confinement for more than 10 years, by a mili23 tary commission under this chapter except by the concur24 rence of three-fourths of the members present at the time
25 the vote is taken.

"(c) NUMBER OF MEMBERS REQUIRED FOR PEN ALTY OF DEATH.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph
 (2), in a case in which the penalty of death is sought, the
 number of members of the military commission under this
 chapter shall be not less than 12 members.

6 "(2) In any case described in paragraph (1) in which 7 12 members are not reasonably available for a military 8 commission because of physical conditions or military ex-9 igencies, the convening authority shall specify a lesser 10 number of members for the military commission (but not fewer than 5 members), and the military commission may 11 be assembled, and the trial held, with not less than the 12 13 number of members so specified. In any such case, the 14 convening authority shall make a detailed written state-15 ment, to be appended to the record, stating why a greater number of members were not reasonably available. 16

17 "§ 949n. Military commission to announce action

18 "A military commission under this chapter shall an-19 nounce its findings and sentence to the parties as soon20 as determined.

21 "§ 9490. Record of trial

"(a) RECORD; AUTHENTICATION.—Each military
commission under this chapter shall keep a separate, verbatim, record of the proceedings in each case brought before it, and the record shall be authenticated by the signa-

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ture of the military judge. If the record cannot be authen-1 2 ticated by the military judge by reason of his death, dis-3 ability, or absence, it shall be authenticated by the signa-4 ture of the trial counsel or by a member if the trial counsel 5 is unable to authenticate it by reason of his death, disability, or absence. Where appropriate, and as provided 6 7 in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, the 8 record of a military commission under this chapter may 9 contain a classified annex.

10 "(b) COMPLETE RECORD REQUIRED.—A complete
11 record of the proceedings and testimony shall be prepared
12 in every military commission under this chapter.

13 "(c) PROVISION OF COPY TO ACCUSED.—A copy of the record of the proceedings of the military commission 14 15 under this chapter shall be given the accused as soon as it is authenticated. If the record contains classified infor-16 mation, or a classified annex, the accused shall receive a 17 redacted version of the record consistent with the require-18 ments of section 949d(c)(4) of this title. Defense counsel 19 20 shall have access to the unredacted record, as provided 21 in regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

22

"SUBCHAPTER V—SENTENCES

"Sec.

"949s. Cruel or unusual punishments prohibited.

"949u. Execution of confinement.

[&]quot;949t. Maximum limits.

1 "§ 949s. Cruel or unusual punishments prohibited

"Punishment by flogging, or by branding, marking,
or tattooing on the body, or any other cruel or unusual
punishment, may not be adjudged by a military commission under this chapter or inflicted under this chapter
upon any person subject to this chapter. The use of irons,
single or double, except for the purpose of safe custody,
is prohibited under this chapter.

9 "§ 949t. Maximum limits

10 "The punishment which a military commission under
11 this chapter may direct for an offense may not exceed such
12 limits as the President or Secretary of Defense may pre13 scribe for that offense.

14 **"§ 949u. Execution of confinement**

15 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Under such regulations as the
16 Secretary of Defense may prescribe, a sentence of confine17 ment adjudged by a military commission under this chap18 ter may be carried into execution by confinement—

19 "(1) in any place of confinement under the con-20 trol of any of the armed forces; or

21 "(2) in any penal or correctional institution
22 under the control of the United States or its allies,
23 or which the United States may be allowed to use.
24 "(b) TREATMENT DURING CONFINEMENT BY OTHER
25 THAN THE ARMED FORCES.—Persons confined under
26 subsection (a)(2) in a penal or correctional institution not

under the control of an armed force are subject to the
 same discipline and treatment as persons confined or com mitted by the courts of the United States or of the State,
 District of Columbia, or place in which the institution is
 situated.

6 "SUBCHAPTER VI—POST-TRIAL PROCEDURE

7 AND REVIEW OF MILITARY COMMISSIONS

"See.
"950a. Error of law; lesser included offense.
"950b. Review by the convening authority.
"950c. Waiver or withdrawal of appeal.
"950d. Appeal by the United States.
"950e. Rehearings.
"950f. Review by Court of Military Commission Review.
"950g. Review by United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit and Supreme Court.
"950h. Appellate counsel.
"950i. Execution of sentence; suspension of sentence.
"950j. Finality of proceedings, findings, and sentences.

8 "§ 950a. Error of law; lesser included offense

9 "(a) ERROR OF LAW.—A finding or sentence of a
10 military commission under this chapter may not be held
11 incorrect on the ground of an error of law unless the error
12 materially prejudices the substantial rights of the accused.
13 "(b) LESSER INCLUDED OFFENSE.—Any reviewing
14 authority with the power to approve or affirm a finding
15 of guilty by a military commission under this chapter may

16 approve or affirm, instead, so much of the finding as in-

17 cludes a lesser included offense.

1 "§ 950b. Review by the convening authority

2 "(a) NOTICE TO CONVENING AUTHORITY OF FIND3 INGS AND SENTENCE.—The findings and sentence of a
4 military commission under this chapter shall be reported
5 in writing promptly to the convening authority after the
6 announcement of the sentence.

7 "(b) SUBMITTAL OF MATTERS BY ACCUSED TO CON8 VENING AUTHORITY.—(1) The accused may submit to the
9 convening authority matters for consideration by the con10 vening authority with respect to the findings and the sen11 tence of the military commission under this chapter.

12 (2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a 13 submittal under paragraph (1) shall be made in writing 14 within 20 days afer accused has been give an authenti-15 cated record of trial under section 949o(c) of this title. 16 "(B) If the accused shows that additional time is re-17 quired for the accused to make a submittal under para-18 graph (1), the convening authority may, for good cause, 19 extend the applicable period under subparagraph (A) for 20not more than an additional 20 days.

"(3) The accused may waive his right to make a submittal to the convening authority under paragraph (1).
Such a waiver shall be made in writing, and may not be
revoked. For the purposes of subsection (c)(2), the time
within which the accused may make a submittal under this
subsection shall be deemed to have expired upon the sub-

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1 mittal of a waiver under this paragraph to the convening2 authority.

3 "(c) ACTION BY CONVENING AUTHORITY.—(1) The 4 authority under this subsection to modify the findings and 5 sentence of a military commission under this chapter is 6 a matter of the sole discretion and prerogative of the con-7 vening authority.

8 "(2) The convening authority is not required to take 9 action on the findings of a military commission under this 10 chapter. If the convening authority takes action on the 11 findings, the convening authority may, in his sole discre-12 tion, only—

13 "(A) dismiss any charge or specification by set14 ting aside a finding of guilty thereto; or

"(B) change a finding of guilty to a charge to
a finding of guilty to an offense that is a lesser included offense of the offense stated in the charge.

18 "(3)(A) The convening authority shall take action on 19 the sentence of a military commission under this chapter. 20 "(B) Subject to regulations prescribed by the Sec-21 retary of Defense, action under this paragraph may be 22 taken only after consideration of any matters submitted 23 by the accused under subsection (b) or after the time for 24 submitting such matters expires, whichever is earlier.

1 "(C) In taking action under this paragraph, the con-2 vening authority may, in his sole discretion, approve, dis-3 approve, commute, or suspend the sentence in whole or 4 in part. The convening authority may not increase a sen-5 tence beyond that which is found by the military commis-6 sion.

7 "(4) The convening authority shall serve on the ac8 cused or on defense counsel notice of any action taken by
9 the convening authority under this subsection.

10 "(d) ORDER OF REVISION OR REHEARING.—(1) Sub-11 ject to paragraphs (2) and (3), the convening authority 12 of a military commission under this chapter may, in his 13 sole discretion, order a proceeding in revision or a rehear-14 ing.

15 "(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a
16 proceeding in revision may be ordered by the convening
17 authority if—

18 "(i) there is an apparent error or omission in19 the record; or

"(ii) the record shows improper or inconsistent
action by the military commission with respect to
the findings or sentence that can be rectified without
material prejudice to the substantial rights of the
accused.

25 "(B) In no case may a proceeding in revision—

"(i) reconsider a finding of not guilty of a spec ification or a ruling which amounts to a finding of
 not guilty;

4 "(ii) reconsider a finding of not guilty of any
5 charge, unless there has been a finding of guilty
6 under a specification laid under that charge, which
7 sufficiently alleges a violation; or

8 "(iii) increase the severity of the sentence un9 less the sentence prescribed for the offense is man10 datory.

11 "(3) A rehearing may be ordered by the convening authority if the convening authority disapproves the find-12 13 ings and sentence and states the reasons for disapproval of the findings. If the convening authority disapproves the 14 15 finding and sentence and does not order a rehearing, the convening authority shall dismiss the charges. A rehearing 16 17 as to the findings may not be ordered by the convening 18 authority when there is a lack of sufficient evidence in the record to support the findings. A rehearing as to the sen-19 20 tence may be ordered by the convening authority if the 21 convening authority disapproves the sentence.

22 "§ 950c. Waiver or withdrawal of appeal

23 "(a) WAIVER OF RIGHT OF REVIEW.—(1) An ac24 cused may file with the convening authority a statement
25 expressly waiving the right of the accused to appellate re-

view by the Court of Military Commission Review under
 section 950f(c) of this title of the final decision of the mili tary commission under this chapter.

4 "(2) A waiver under paragraph (1) shall be signed5 by both the accused and a defense counsel.

6 "(3) A waiver under paragraph (1) must be filed, if 7 at all, within 10 days after notice of the action is served 8 on the accused or on defense counsel under section 9 950b(c)(4) of this title. The convening authority, for good 10 cause, may extend the period for such filing by not more 11 than 30 days.

"(b) WITHDRAWAL OF APPEAL.—Except in a case in
which the sentence as approved under section 950b of this
title extends to death, the accused may withdraw an appeal at any time.

16 "(c) EFFECT OF WAIVER OR WITHDRAWAL.—A
17 waiver of the right to appellate review or the withdrawal
18 of an appeal under this section bars review under section
19 950f of this title.

20 "§ 950d. Appeal by the United States

21 "(a) INTERLOCUTORY APPEAL.—(1) Except as pro22 vided in paragraph (2), in a trial by military commission
23 under this chapter, the United States may take an inter24 locutory appeal to the Court of Military Commission Re-

view under section 950f of this title of any order or ruling
 of the military judge that—

3 "(A) terminates proceedings of the military
4 commission with respect to a charge or specification;
5 "(B) excludes evidence that is substantial proof
6 of a fact material in the proceeding; or

7 "(C) relates to a matter under subsection (c) or
8 (d) of section 949d of this title.

9 "(2) The United States may not appeal under para-10 graph (1) an order or ruling that is, or amounts to, a find-11 ing of not guilty by the military commission with respect 12 to a charge or specification.

13 "(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL.—The United States shall
14 take an appeal of an order or ruling under subsection (a)
15 by filing a notice of appeal with the military judge within
16 five days after the date of the order or ruling.

"(c) APPEAL.—An appeal under this section shall be
forwarded, by means specified in regulations prescribed
the Secretary of Defense, directly to the Court of Military
Commission Review. In ruling on an appeal under this section, the Court may act only with respect to matters of
law.

23 **"§ 950e. Rehearings**

24 "(a) COMPOSITION OF MILITARY COMMISSION FOR25 REHEARING.—Each rehearing under this chapter shall

take place before a military commission under this chapter 1 2 composed of members who were not members of the mili-3 tary commission which first heard the case. 4 "(b) SCOPE OF REHEARING.—(1) Upon a rehear-5 ing-"(A) the accused may not be tried for any of-6 7 fense of which he was found not guilty by the first 8 military commission; and 9 "(B) no sentence in excess of or more than the 10 original sentence may be imposed unless— 11 "(i) the sentence is based upon a finding 12 of guilty of an offense not considered upon the 13 merits in the original proceedings; or 14 "(ii) the sentence prescribed for the of-15 fense is mandatory. 16 "(2) Upon a rehearing, if the sentence approved after the first military commission was in accordance with a 17 pretrial agreement and the accused at the rehearing 18 changes his plea with respect to the charges or specifica-19 20 tions upon which the pretrial agreement was based, or oth-21 erwise does not comply with pretrial agreement, the sen-22 tence as to those charges or specifications may include any 23 punishment not in excess of that lawfully adjudged at the

24 first military commission.

1 "§ 950f. Review by Court of Military Commission Re 2 view

3 "(a) COURT ESTABLISHED.—(1) The Secretary of
4 Defense shall establish a Court of Military Commission
5 Review which shall be composed of one or more panels.
6 "(2) Each panel of the Court shall be composed of
7 not less than three appellate judges.

8 "(3) For the purpose of reviewing decisions of mili-9 tary commissions under this chapter, the Court may sit 10 in panels or as a whole in accordance with rules prescribed 11 by the Secretary.

12 "(b) COMPOSITION OF COURT.—(1) The Secretary of
13 Defense shall assign or detail appellate judges to the
14 Court of Military Commission Review.

"(2) Each appellate judge assigned or detailed to the
Court under this subsection shall meet the qualifications
for military judges set forth in section 948j(b) of this title
or shall be a civilian with comparable qualifications.

"(3) No person may be assigned or detailed to serve
as an appellate judge under this subsection in any case
in which that person acted as a military judge, counsel,
or reviewing official.

"(c) APPEAL.—The accused may appeal from the
final decision of a military commission under this chapter
and the United States may appeal as provided in section
950d of this title, to the Court of Military Commission

Review in accordance with procedures prescribed by the
 Secretary of Defense.

3 "(d) SCOPE OF REVIEW.—In ruling on an appeal
4 under this section, the Court of Military Commission Re5 view may act only with respect to matters of law.

6 "§ 950g. Review by United States Court of Appeals for 7 the District of Columbia Circuit and Su8 preme Court

9 "(a) REVIEW BY UNITED STATES COURT OF AP-10 PEALS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CIRCUIT.—(1) 11 Subject to the provisions of this subsection, the United 12 States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Cir-13 cuit shall have exclusive jurisdiction to determine the final 14 validity of any judgment rendered by a military commis-15 sion under this chapter.

"(2) The United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit may not determine the final validity of a judgment of a military commission under this
subsection until all other appeals from the judgment under
this chapter have been waived or exhausted.

"(3)(A) An accused may seek a determination by the
United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit of the final validity of the judgment of the military commission under this subsection only upon petition
to the Court for such determination.

"(B) A petition on a judgment under subparagraph
 (A) shall be filed by the accused in the Court not later
 than 20 days after the earlier of—

4 "(i) the date written notice of the final decision
5 of the Court of Military Commission Review on the
6 judgment is served on the accused or defense coun7 sel; or

8 "(ii) the date the accused submits, in the man-9 ner required by section 950c of this title, written 10 statement waiving the right to appeal under section 11 950f of this title.

"(4) The determination by the United States Court
of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit of the final
validity of a judgment of a military commission under this
subsection shall be governed by the provisions of section
1005(e)(3) of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (42)
U.S.C. 801 note).

18 "(b) REVIEW BY SUPREME COURT.—The Supreme
19 Court of the United States may review by writ of certiorari
20 pursuant to section 1257 of title 28 the final judgment
21 of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of
22 Columbia Circuit in a determination under subsection (a).

23 "§ 950h. Appellate counsel

24 "(a) APPOINTMENT.—The Secretary of Defense25 shall, by regulation, establish procedures for the appoint-

ment of appellate counsel for the United States and for
 the accused in military commissions under this chapter.
 Appellate counsel shall meet the qualifications of counsel
 for appearing before military commissions under this
 chapter.

6 "(b) REPRESENTATION OF UNITED STATES.—Appel-7 late counsel may represent the United States in any ap-8 peal or review proceeding under this chapter. Appellate 9 Government counsel may represent the United States be-10 fore the Supreme Court in case arising under this chapter 11 when requested to do so by the Attorney General.

"(c) REPRESENTATION OF ACCUSED.—The accused
shall be represented before the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit or the Supreme
Court by military appellate counsel, or by civilian counsel
if retained by him.

17 "§ 950i. Execution of sentence; suspension of sentence

18 "(a) EXECUTION OF SENTENCE OF DEATH ONLY 19 UPON APPROVAL BY THE PRESIDENT.—If the sentence 20 of a military commission under this chapter extends to 21 death, that part of the sentence providing for death may 22 not be executed until approved by the President. In such 23 a case, the President may commute, remit, or suspend the 24 sentence, or any part thereof, as he sees fit.

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1 "(b) EXECUTION OF SENTENCE OF DEATH ONLY 2 UPON FINAL JUDGMENT OF LEGALITY OF PRO-3 CEEDINGS.—(1) If the sentence of a military commission under this chapter extends to death, the sentence may not 4 5 be executed until there is a final judgement as to the legality of the proceedings (and with respect to death, approval 6 7 under subsection (a)).

8 "(2) A judgement as to legality of proceedings is final9 for purposes of paragraph (1) when—

10 "(A) the time for the accused to file a petition 11 for review by the United States Court of Appeals for 12 the District of Columbia Circuit has expired and the 13 accused has not filed a timely petition for such re-14 view and the case is not otherwise under review by 15 the Court; or

16 "(B) review is completed in accordance with the 17 judgment of the United States Court of Appeals for 18 the District of Columbia Circuit and (A) a petition 19 for a writ of certiorari is not timely filed, (B) such 20 a petition is denied by the Supreme Court, or (C) 21 review is otherwise completed in accordance with the 22 judgment of the Supreme Court.

23 "(c) SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE.—The Secretary of
24 the Defense, or the convening authority acting on the case
25 (if other than the Secretary), may suspend the execution

of any sentence or part thereof in the case, except a sen tence of death.

3 "§ 950j. Finality of proceedings, findings, and sen4 tences

5 "(a) FINALITY.—The appellate review of records of trial provided by this chapter, and the proceedings, find-6 7 ings, and sentences of military commissions as approved, 8 reviewed, or affirmed as required by this chapter, are final 9 and conclusive. Orders publishing the proceedings of mili-10 tary commissions under this chapter are binding upon all departments, courts, agencies, and officers of the United 11 12 States, except as otherwise provided by the President.

13 "(b) Provisions of Chapter Sole Basis for Re-VIEW OF MILITARY COMMISSION PROCEDURES AND AC-14 15 TIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and notwithstanding any other provision of law (including sec-16 17 tion 2241 of title 28 or any other habeas corpus provision), no court, justice, or judge shall have jurisdiction to 18 hear or consider any claim or cause of action whatsoever, 19 20including any action pending on or filed after the date of 21 enactment of this chapter, relating to the prosecution, 22 trial, or judgment of a military commission under this 23 chapter, including challenges to the lawfulness of proce-24 dures of military commissions under this chapter.

"SUBCHAPTER VII—PUNITIVE MATTERS

"Sec.

1

- "950aa. Definitions; construction of certain offenses; common circumstances.
- "950bb. Principals.
- "950cc. Accessory after the fact.
- "950dd. Conviction of lesser offenses.
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- "950ff. Conspiracy.
- "950gg. Solicitation.
- "950hh. Murder of protected persons.
- "950ii. Attacking civilians.
- "950jj. Attacking civilian objects.
- "950kk. Attacking protected property.
- "950ll. Pillaging.
- "950mm. Denying quarter.
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- "95000. Employing poison or similar weapons.
- "950pp. Using protected persons as a shield.
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- "950rr. Torture.
- "950ss. Cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment.
- "950tt. Intentionally causing serious bodily injury.
- "950uu. Mutilating or maiming.
- "950vv. Murder in violation of the law of war.
- "950ww. Destruction of property in violation of the law of war.
- "950xx. Using treachery or perfidy.
- "950yy. Improperly using a flag of truce.
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- "950aaa. Intentionally mistreating a dead body.
- "950bbb. Rape.
- "950ccc. Hijacking or hazarding a vessel or aircraft.
- "950ddd. Terrorism.
- "950eee. Providing material support for terrorism.
- "950fff. Wrongfully aiding the enemy.
- "950ggg. Spying.
- "950hhh. Contempt.
- "950iii. Perjury and obstruction of justice.

2 "§ 950aa. Definitions; construction of certain offenses;

3

common circumstances

- 4 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this subchapter:
- 5 "(1) The term 'military objective' means com-
- 6 batants and those objects during an armed conflict
- 7 which, by their nature, location, purpose, or use, ef-
- 8 fectively contribute to the war-fighting or war-sus-

taining capability of an opposing force and whose
total or partial destruction, capture, or neutralization would constitute a definite military advantage
to the attacker under the circumstances at the time
of an attack.

6 "(2) The term 'protected person' means any 7 person entitled to protection under one or more of 8 the Geneva Conventions, including civilians not tak-9 ing an active part in hostilities, military personnel 10 placed out of combat by sickness, wounds, or deten-11 tion, and military medical or religious personnel.

12 "(3) The term 'protected property' means any 13 property specifically protected by the law of war, in-14 cluding buildings dedicated to religion, education, 15 art, science, or charitable purposes, historic monu-16 ments, hospitals, and places where the sick and 17 wounded are collected, but only if and to the extent 18 such property is not being used for military purposes 19 or is not otherwise a military objective. The term in-20 cludes objects properly identified by one of the dis-21 tinctive emblems of the Geneva Conventions, but 22 does not include civilian property that is a military 23 objective.

24 "(b) CONSTRUCTION OF CERTAIN OFFENSES.—The25 intent required for offenses under sections 950hh, 950ii,

950jj, 950kk, and 950ss of this title precludes their appli cability with regard to collateral damage or to death, dam age, or injury incident to a lawful attack.

4 "(c) COMMON CIRCUMSTANCES.—An offense speci5 fied in this subchapter is triable by military commission
6 under this chapter only if the offense is committed in the
7 context of and associated with armed conflict.

8 "§ 950bb. Principals

9

"Any person punishable under this chapter who—

"(1) commits an offense punishable by this
chapter, or aids, abets, counsels, commands, or procures its commission; or

13 "(2) causes an act to be done which if directly
14 performed by him would be punishable by this chap15 ter,

16 is a principal.

17 "§ 950cc. Accessory after the fact

18 "Any person subject to this chapter who, knowing 19 that an offense punishable by this chapter has been com-20 mitted, receives, comforts, or assists the offender in order 21 to hinder or prevent his apprehension, trial, or punishment 22 shall be punished as a military commission under this 23 chapter may direct.

1 "§950dd. Conviction of lesser offenses

2 "An accused may be found guilty of an offense nec3 essarily included in the offense charged or of an attempt
4 to commit either the offense charged or an attempt to
5 commit either the offense charged or an offense nec6 essarily included therein.

7 **"§ 950ee.** Attempts

8 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Any person subject to this chap-9 ter who attempts to commit any offense punishable by this 10 chapter shall be punished as a military commission under 11 this chapter may direct.

"(b) SCOPE OF OFFENSE.—An act, done with specific intent to commit an offense under this chapter,
amounting to more than mere preparation and tending,
even though failing, to effect its commission, is an attempt
to commit that offense.

17 "(c) EFFECT OF CONSUMMATION.—Any person sub18 ject to this chapter may be convicted of an attempt to com19 mit an offense although it appears on the trial that the
20 offense was consummated.

21 "§ 950ff. Conspiracy

22 "Any person subject to this chapter who conspires to 23 commit one or more substantive offenses triable by mili-24 tary commission under this subchapter, and who know-25 ingly does any overt act to effect the object of the con-26 spiracy, shall be punished, if death results to one or more

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of the victims, by death or such other punishment as a
 military commission under this chapter may direct, and,
 if death does not result to any of the victims, by such pun ishment, other than death, as a military commission under
 this chapter may direct.

6 "§ 950gg. Solicitation

7 "Any person subject to this chapter who solicits or 8 advises another or others to commit one or more sub-9 stantive offenses triable by military commission under this 10 chapter shall, if the offense solicited or advised is attempted or committed, be punished with the punishment 11 12 provided for the commission of the offense, but, if the of-13 fense solicited or advised is not committed or attempted, he shall be punished as a military commission under this 14 15 chapter may direct.

16 "§ 950hh. Murder of protected persons

17 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally
18 kills one or more protected persons shall be punished by
19 death or such other punishment as a military commission
20 under this chapter may direct.

21 "§ 950ii. Attacking civilians

"Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally
engages in an attack upon a civilian population as such,
or individual civilians not taking active part in hostilities,
shall be punished, if death results to one or more of the

victims, by death or such other punishment as a military
 commission under this chapter may direct, and, if death
 does not result to any of the victims, by such punishment,
 other than death, as a military commission under this
 chapter may direct.

6 "§ 950jj. Attacking civilian objects

7 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally
8 engages in an attack upon a civilian object that is not a
9 military objective shall be punished as a military commis10 sion under this chapter may direct.

11 "§950kk. Attacking protected property

"Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally
engages in an attack upon protected property shall be punished as a military commission under this chapter may
direct.

16 "§950ll. Pillaging

17 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally 18 and in the absence of military necessity appropriates or 19 seizes property for private or personal use, without the 20 consent of a person with authority to permit such appro-21 priation or seizure, shall be punished as a military com-22 mission under this chapter may direct.

23 "§ 950mm. Denying quarter

24 "Any person subject to this chapter who, with effec-25 tive command or control over subordinate groups, de-

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clares, orders, or otherwise indicates to those groups that
 there shall be no survivors or surrender accepted, with the
 intent to threaten an adversary or to conduct hostilities
 such that there would be no survivors or surrender accept ed, shall be punished as a military commission under this
 chapter may direct.

7 "§950nn. Taking hostages

8 "Any person subject to this chapter who, having 9 knowingly seized or detained one or more persons, threat-10 ens to kill, injure, or continue to detain such person or persons with the intent of compelling any nation, person 11 12 other than the hostage, or group of persons to act or re-13 frain from acting as an explicit or implicit condition for the safety or release of such person or persons, shall be 14 15 punished, if death results to one or more of the victims, by death or such other punishment as a military commis-16 17 sion under this chapter may direct, and, if death does not result to any of the victims, by such punishment, other 18 than death, as a military commission under this chapter 19 20 may direct.

21 "§950oo. Employing poison or similar weapons

22 "Any person subject to this chapter who inten-23 tionally, as a method of warfare, employs a substance or 24 weapon that releases a substance that causes death or se-25 rious and lasting damage to health in the ordinary course

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of events, through its asphyxiating, bacteriological, or
 toxic properties, shall be punished, if death results to one
 or more of the victims, by death or such other punishment
 as a military commission under this chapter may direct,
 and, if death does not result to any of the victims, by such
 punishment, other than death, as a military commission
 under this chapter may direct.

8 "§ 950pp. Using protected persons as a shield

9 "Any person subject to this chapter who positions, 10 or otherwise takes advantage of, a protected person with the intent to shield a military objective from attack. or 11 12 to shield, favor, or impede military operations, shall be 13 punished, if death results to one or more of the victims, by death or such other punishment as a military commis-14 15 sion under this chapter may direct, and, if death does not result to any of the victims, by such punishment, other 16 than death, as a military commission under this chapter 17 18 may direct.

19 "§ 950qq. Using protected property as a shield

"Any person subject to this chapter who positions,
or otherwise takes advantage of the location of, protected
property with the intent to shield a military objective from
attack, or to shield, favor, or impede military operations,
shall be punished as a military commission under this
chapter may direct.

1 **"§ 950rr. Torture**

2 "(a) OFFENSE.—Any person subject to this chapter 3 who commits an act specifically intended to inflict severe physical or mental pain or suffering (other than pain or 4 5 suffering incidental to lawful sanctions) upon another person within his custody or physical control for the purpose 6 7 of obtaining information or a confession, punishment, in-8 timidation, coercion, or any reason based on discrimina-9 tion of any kind, shall be punished, if death results to one 10 or more of the victims, by death or such other punishment 11 as a military commission under this chapter may direct, 12 and, if death does not result to any of the victims, by such 13 punishment, other than death, as a military commission 14 under this chapter may direct.

15 "(b) SEVERE MENTAL PAIN OR SUFFERING DE16 FINED.—In this section, the term 'severe mental pain or
17 suffering' has the meaning given that term in section
18 2340(2) of title 18.

19 "§950ss. Cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or 20 punishment

21 "(a) OFFENSE.—Any person subject to this chapter 22 who subjects another person, regardless of nationality or 23 physical location, to cruel, inhuman, or degrading treat-24 ment or punishment shall be punished, if death results to 25 the victim, by death or such other punishment as a mili-26 tary commission under this chapter may direct, and, if

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death does not result to the victim, by such punishment,
 other than death, as a military commission under this
 chapter may direct.

4 "(b) CRUEL, INHUMAN, OR DEGRADING TREATMENT OR PUNISHMENT DEFINED.—In this section, the term 5 'cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment' 6 7 has the meaning given that term in section 1003(d) of 8 the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (42)U.S.C. 2000dd(d)). 9

10 "§ 950tt. Intentionally causing serious bodily injury

11 "(a) OFFENSE.—Any person subject to this chapter 12 who intentionally causes serious bodily injury to one or 13 more persons, including lawful combatants, in violation of the law of war shall be punished, if death results to one 14 15 or more of the victims, by death or such other punishment as a military commission under this chapter may direct, 16 17 and, if death does not result to any of the victims, by such punishment, other than death, as a military commission 18 19 under this chapter may direct.

20 "(b) SERIOUS BODILY INJURY DEFINED.—In this
21 section, the term 'serious bodily injury' means bodily in22 jury which involves—

23 "(1) a substantial risk of death;

24 "(2) extreme physical pain;

25 "(3) protracted and obvious disfigurement; or

"(4) protracted loss or impairment of the func tion of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.
 3 "§ 950uu. Mutilating or maiming

"Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally 4 5 injures one or more protected persons by disfiguring the person or persons by any mutilation of the person or per-6 7 sons, or by permanently disabling any member, limb, or 8 organ of the body of the person or persons, without any 9 legitimate medical or dental purpose, shall be punished, 10 if death results to one or more of the victims, by death or such other punishment as a military commission under 11 12 this chapter may direct, and, if death does not result to 13 any of the victims, by such punishment, other than death, as a military commission under this chapter may direct. 14

15 "§950vv. Murder in violation of the law of war

16 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally
17 kills one or more persons, including lawful combatants, in
18 violation of the law of war shall be punished by death or
19 such other punishment as a military commission under
20 this chapter may direct.

21 "§950ww. Destruction of property in violation of the 22 law of war

23 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally24 destroys property belonging to another person in violation

of the law of war shall punished as a military commission
 under this chapter may direct.

3 "§950xx. Using treachery or perfidy

"Any person subject to this chapter who, after invit-4 5 ing the confidence or belief of one or more persons that they were entitled to, or obliged to accord, protection 6 7 under the law of war, intentionally makes use of that con-8 fidence or belief in killing, injuring, or capturing such per-9 son or persons shall be punished, if death results to one 10 or more of the victims, by death or such other punishment as a military commission under this chapter may direct, 11 12 and, if death does not result to any of the victims, by such 13 punishment, other than death, as a military commission under this chapter may direct. 14

15 "§950yy. Improperly using a flag of truce

16 "Any person subject to this chapter who uses a flag 17 of truce to feign an intention to negotiate, surrender, or 18 otherwise suspend hostilities when there is no such inten-19 tion shall be punished as a military commission under this 20 chapter may direct.

21 "§ 950zz. Improperly using a distinctive emblem

"Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally
uses a distinctive emblem recognized by the law of war
for combatant purposes in a manner prohibited by the law

of war shall be punished as a military commission under
 this chapter may direct.

3 "§ 950aaa. Intentionally mistreating a dead body

4 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally
5 mistreats the body of a dead person, without justification
6 by legitimate military necessary, shall be punished as a
7 military commission under this chapter may direct.

8 **"§950bbb. Rape**

9 "Any person subject to this chapter who forcibly or 10 with coercion or threat of force wrongfully invades the 11 body of a person by penetrating, however slightly, the anal 12 or genital opening of the victim with any part of the body 13 of the accused, or with any foreign object, shall be pun-14 ished as a military commission under this chapter may 15 direct.

16 "§950ccc. Hijacking or hazarding a vessel or aircraft

17 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally seizes, exercises unauthorized control over, or endangers 18 the safe navigation of a vessel or aircraft that is not a 19 20 legitimate military objective shall be punished, if death re-21 sults to one or more of the victims, by death or such other 22 punishment as a military commission under this chapter 23 may direct, and, if death does not result to any of the 24 victims, by such punishment, other than death, as a mili-25 tary commission under this chapter may direct.

1 "§ 950ddd. Terrorism

2 "Any person subject to this chapter who intentionally 3 kills or inflicts great bodily harm on one or more protected persons, or intentionally engages in an act that evinces 4 5 a wanton disregard for human life, in a manner calculated to influence or affect the conduct of government or civilian 6 7 population by intimidation or coercion, or to retaliate 8 against government conduct, shall be punished, if death 9 results to one or more of the victims, by death or such 10 other punishment as a military commission under this 11 chapter may direct, and, if death does not result to any 12 of the victims, by such punishment, other than death, as 13 a military commission under this chapter may direct.

14 "§ 950eee. Providing material support for terrorism

15 "(a) OFFENSE.—Any person subject to this chapter 16 who provides material support or resources, knowing or 17 intending that they are to be used in preparation for, or 18 in carrying out, an act of terrorism (as set forth in section 19 950ddd of this title), or who intentionally provides mate-20 rial support or resources to an international terrorist orga-21 nization engaged in hostilities against the United States, 22 knowing that such organization has engaged or engages 23 in terrorism (as so set forth), shall be punished as a military commission under this chapter may direct. 24

25 "(b) MATERIAL SUPPORT OR RESOURCES DE-26 FINED.—In this section, the term 'material support or re-

sources' has the meaning given that term in section
 2339A(b) of title 18.

3 "§ 950fff. Wrongfully aiding the enemy

4 "Any person subject to this chapter who, in breach
5 of an allegiance or duty to the United States, knowingly
6 and intentionally aids an enemy of the United States, or
7 one of the co-belligerents of the enemy, shall be punished
8 as a military commission under this chapter may direct.

9 "§ 950ggg. Spying

10 "Any person subject to this chapter who, in violation of the law of war and with intent or reason to believe that 11 it is to be used to the injury of the United States or to 12 13 the advantage of a foreign power, collects or attempts to collect information by clandestine means or while acting 14 15 under false pretenses, for the purpose of conveying such information to an enemy of the United States, or one of 16 the co-belligerents of the enemy, shall be punished by 17 death or such other punishment as a military commission 18 under this chapter may direct. 19

20 **"§ 950hhh. Contempt**

"A military commission under this chapter may punish for contempt any person who uses any menacing word,
sign, or gesture in its presence, or who disturbs its proceedings by any riot or disorder.

1 "§ 950iii. Perjury and obstruction of justice

2 "A military commission under this chapter may try
3 offenses and impose such punishment as the military com4 mission may direct for perjury, false testimony, or ob5 struction of justice related to the military commission.".

6 (2) TABLES OF CHAPTERS AMENDMENTS.—The 7 tables of chapters at the beginning of subtitle A and 8 part II of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, 9 are each amended by inserting after the item relat-10 ing to chapter 47 the following new item:

11 (b) SUBMITTAL OF PROCEDURES TO CONGRESS.—

12 (1) SUBMITTAL OF PROCEDURES.—Not later 13 than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this 14 Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the 15 Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and 16 the House of Representatives a report setting forth 17 the procedures for military commissions prescribed 18 under chapter 47A of title 10, United States Code 19 (as added by subsection (a)).

20 (2) SUBMITTAL OF MODIFICATIONS.—Not later
21 than 60 days before the date on which any proposed
22 modification of the procedures described in para23 graph (1) shall go into effect, the Secretary shall
24 submit to the committees of Congress referred to in

that paragraph a report describing such modifica tion.

3 SEC. 5. AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS.

4 (a) DETAINEE TREATMENT ACT OF 2005.—Section
5 1004(b) of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (title X
6 of Public Law 109–148; 119 Stat. 2740; 42 U.S.C.
7 200dd-1(b)) is amended—

8 (1) by striking "may provide" and inserting9 "shall provide";

10 (2) by inserting "or investigation" after "crimi-11 nal prosecution"; and

(3) by inserting "whether before United States
courts or agencies, foreign courts or agencies, or
international courts or agencies," after "described in
that subsection,".

16 (b) UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.—Chap17 ter 47 of title, 10, United States Code (the Uniform Code
18 of Military Justice), is amended as follows:

(1) Section 802 (article 2 of the Uniform Code
of Military Justice) is amended by adding at the end
the following new paragraph:

"(13) Lawful enemy combatants (as that term
is defined in section 948a(3) of this title) who violate the law of war.".

(2) Section 821 (article 21 of the Uniform Code
 of Military Justice) is amended by striking "by stat ute or law of war".

4 (3) Section 836(a) (article 36(a) of the Uniform
5 Code of Military Justice) is amended by inserting
6 "(other than military commissions under chapter
7 47A of this title)" after "other military tribunals".
8 (c) PUNITIVE ARTICLE OF CONSPIRACY.—Section
9 881 of title 10, United States Code (article 81 of the Uni10 form Code of Military Justice)), is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" before "Any person"; and
(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

14 "(b) Any person subject to this chapter or chapter 15 47A of this title who conspires with any other person to commit an offense under the law of war, and who know-16 17 ingly does an overt act to effect the object of the conspiracy, shall be punished, if death results to one or more 18 19 of the victims, by death or such other punishment as a 20 court-martial or military commission may direct, and, if 21 death does not result to any of the victims, by such pun-22 ishment, other than death, as a court-martial or military 23 commission may direct.".

24 (d) REVIEW OF JUDGMENTS OF MILITARY COMMIS-25 SIONS.—

1	(1) REVIEW BY SUPREME COURT.—Section
2	1259 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by
3	adding at the end the following new paragraph:
4	"(5) Cases tried by military commission and re-
5	viewed by the United States Court of Appeals for
6	the District of Columbia Circuit under section 950g
7	of title 10.".
8	(2) Detainee treatment act of 2005.—Sec-
9	tion 1005(e)(3) of the Detainee Treatment Act of
10	2005 (title X of Public Law 109–148; 119 Stat.
11	2740; 10 U.S.C. 801 note) is amended—
12	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "pur-
13	suant to Military Commission Order No. 1.
14	dated August 31, 2005 (or any successor mili-
15	tary order)" and inserting "by a military com-
16	mission under chapter 47A of title 10, United
17	States Code";
18	(B) by striking subparagraph (B) and in-
19	serting the following new subparagraph (B):
20	"(B) GRANT OF REVIEW.—Review under
21	this paragraph shall be as of right.";
22	(C) in subparagraph (C)—
23	(i) in clause (i)—

	10
1	(I) by striking "pursuant to the
2	military order" and inserting "by a
3	military commission"; and
4	(II) by striking "at Guantanamo
5	Bay, Cuba"; and
6	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "pursu-
7	ant to such military order" and inserting
8	"by the military commission"; and
9	(D) in subparagraph (D)(i), by striking
10	"specified in the military order" and inserting
11	"specified for a military commission".
12	SEC. 6. HABEAS CORPUS MATTERS.
13	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2241 of title 28, United
14	States Code, is amended—
15	(1) by striking subsection (e) (as added by sec-
16	tion 1005(e)(1) of Public Law 109–148 (119 Stat.
17	(2742)) and by striking subsection (e) (as added by
18	added by section 1405(e)(1) of Public Law 109–163
19	(119 Stat. 3477)); and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
21	section:
22	"(e)(1) No court, justice, or judge shall have jurisdic-
23	tion to hear or consider an application for a writ of habeas
24	corpus filed by or on behalf of an alien detained outside
25	of the United States who—

"(A) is currently in United States custody; or
 "(B) has been determined by the United States
 to have been properly detained as an enemy combat ant.

5 "(2) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) 6 of section 1005(e) of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 7 (10 U.S.C. 801 note), no court, justice, or judge shall have 8 jurisdiction to hear or consider any other action against 9 the United States or its agents relating to any aspect of 10 the detention, treatment, or trial of an alien detained out-11 side of the United States who—

"(A) is currently in United States custody; or
"(B) has been determined by the United States
to have been properly detained as an enemy combatant.

"(3) In this subsection, the term 'United States',
when used in a geographic sense, has the meaning given
that term in section 1005(g) of the Detainee Treatment
Act of 2005.".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
subsection (a) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, and shall apply to all cases, without exception, pending on or after the date of the enactment of
this Act which relate to any aspect of the detention, treatment, or trial of an alien detained outside the United

States (as that term is defined in section 2241(e)(3) of
 title 28, United States Code (as added by subsection (a))
 since September 11, 2001.

4 SEC. 7. TREATY OBLIGATIONS NOT ESTABLISHING 5 GROUNDS FOR CERTAIN CLAIMS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—No person may invoke the Geneva 7 Conventions or any protocols thereto as an individually en-8 forceable right in any civil action against an officer, em-9 ployee, member of the Armed Forces or another agent of 10 the United States Government, or against the United States, for the purpose of any claim for damages for 11 12 death, injury, or damage to property in any court of the 13 United States or its States or territories. This subsection does not affect the obligations of the United States under 14 15 the Geneva Conventions.

16 (b) GENEVA CONVENTIONS DEFINED.—In this sec-17 tion, the term "Geneva conventions" means—

(1) the Convention for the Amelioration of the
Condition of the Wounded and Sick in Armed
Forces in the Field, done at Geneva August 12,
1949 (6 UST 3114);

(2) the Convention for the Amelioration of the
Condition of the Wounded, Sick, and Shipwrecked
Members of the Armed Forces at Sea, done at Geneva August 12, 1949 (6 UST 3217);

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1	(3) the Convention Relative to the Treatment of
2	Prisoners of War, done at Geneva August 12, 1949
3	(6 UST 3316); and
4	(4) the Convention Relative to the Protection of
5	Civilian Persons in Time of War, done at Geneva
6	August 12, 1949 (6 UST 3516).
7	SEC. 8. REVISION TO WAR CRIMES OFFENSE UNDER FED-
8	ERAL CRIMINAL CODE.
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2441 of title 18, United
10	States Code, is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (3)
12	and inserting the following new paragraph (3):
13	"(3) which constitutes a grave breach of com-
14	mon Article 3 (as defined in subsection (d)) when
15	committed in the context of and in association with
16	an armed conflict not of an international character;
17	or''; and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
19	section:
20	"(d) Common Article 3 Violations.—
21	"(1) Grave breach of common article 3.—
22	In subsection $(c)(3)$, the term 'grave breach of com-
23	mon Article 3' means any conduct (such conduct
24	constituting a grave breach of common Article 3 of

the international conventions done at Geneva August
 12, 1949), as follows:

3 "(A) TORTURE.—The act of a person who 4 commits, or conspires or attempts to commit, 5 an act specifically intended to inflict severe 6 physical or mental pain or suffering (other than 7 pain or suffering incidental to lawful sanctions) 8 upon another person within his custody or 9 physical control for the purpose of obtaining in-10 formation or a confession, punishment, intimi-11 dation, coercion, or any reason based on dis-12 crimination of any kind.

"(B) CRUEL, INHUMAN, OR DEGRADING
TREATMENT OR PUNISHMENT.—The act of a
person who subjects another person in the custody or under the control of the United States
Government, regardless of nationality or physical location, to cruel, inhuman, or degrading
treatment or punishment.

20 "(C) PERFORMING BIOLOGICAL EXPERI21 MENTS.—The act of a person who subjects, or
22 conspires or attempts to subject, one or more
23 persons within his custody or physical control to
24 biological experiments without a legitimate med25 ical or dental purpose and in so doing endan-

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1gers the body or health of such person or per-2sons.

"(D) MURDER.—The act of a person who intentionally kills, or conspires or attempts to kill, or kills whether intentionally or unintentionally in the course of committing any other offense under this section, one or more persons taking no active part in hostilities, including those placed out of active combat by sickness, wounds, detention, or any other cause.

11 "(E) MUTILATION OR MAIMING.—The act 12 of a person who intentionally injures, or con-13 spires or attempts to injure, or injures whether 14 intentionally or unintentionally in the course of 15 committing any other offense under this sec-16 tion, one or more persons taking no active part 17 in hostilities, including those placed out of ac-18 tive combat by sickness, wounds, detention, or 19 any other cause, by disfiguring such person or 20 persons by any mutilation thereof or by perma-21 nently disabling any member, limb, or organ of 22 the body of such person or persons, without any 23 legitimate medical or dental purpose.

24 "(F) INTENTIONALLY CAUSING SERIOUS
25 BODILY INJURY.—The act of a person who in-

tentionally causes, or conspires or attempts to
 cause, serious bodily injury to one or more per sons, including lawful combatants, in violation
 of the law of war.

5 "(G) RAPE.—The act of a person who 6 forcibly or with coercion or threat of force 7 wrongfully invades, or conspires or attempts to 8 invade, the body of a person by penetrating, 9 however slightly, the anal or genital opening of 10 the victim with any part of the body of the ac-11 cused, or with any foreign object.

"(H) SEXUAL ASSAULT OR ABUSE.—The
act of person who forcibly or with coercion or
threat of force engages, or conspires or attempts to engage, in sexual contact with one or
more persons, or causes, or conspires or attempts to cause, one or more persons to engage
in sexual contact.

"(I) TAKING HOSTAGES.—The act of a
person who, having knowingly seized or detained one or more persons, threatens to kill,
injure, or continue to detain such person or persons with the intent of compelling any nation,
person other than the hostage, or group of persons to act or refrain from acting as an explicit

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1	or implicit condition for the safety or release of
2	such person or persons.
3	"(2) DEFINITIONS.—In the case of an offense
4	under subsection (a) by reason of subsection
5	(c)(3)—
6	"(A) the term 'severe mental pain or suf-
7	fering' shall be applied for purposes of para-
8	graph $(1)(A)$ in accordance with the meaning
9	given that term in section $2340(2)$ of this title;
10	"(B) the term 'cruel, inhuman, or degrad-
11	ing treatment or punishment' shall be applied
12	for purposes of paragraph $(1)(B)$ in accordance
13	with the meaning given that term in section
14	1003(d) of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005
15	(42 U.S.C. 2000dd(d));
16	"(C) the term 'serious bodily injury' shall
17	be applied for purposes of paragraph $(1)(F)$ in
18	accordance with the meaning given that term in
19	section $113(b)(2)$ of this title; and
20	"(D) the term 'sexual contact' shall be ap-
21	plied for purposes of paragraph $(1)(G)$ in ac-
22	cordance with the meaning given that term in
23	section $2246(3)$ of this title.
24	"(3) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS
25	WITH RESPECT TO COLLATERAL DAMAGE OR INCI-

1	DENT OF LAWFUL ATTACK.—The intent specified for
2	the conduct stated in subparagraphs (D), (E), and
3	(F) of paragraph (1) precludes the applicability of
4	those subparagraphs to an offense under subsection
5	(a) by reasons of subsection (c)(3) with respect to—
6	"(A) collateral damage; or
7	"(B) death, damage, or injury incident to
8	a lawful attack.
9	"(4) INAPPLICABILITY OF TAKING HOSTAGES
10	to prisoner exchange.—Paragraph $(1)(I)$ does
11	not apply to an offense under subsection (a) by rea-
12	son of subsection $(c)(3)$ in the case of a prisoner ex-
13	change during wartime.".
14	(b) Protection of Certain United States Gov-
15	ERNMENT PERSONNEL.—Such section is further amended
16	by adding at the end the following new subsection:
17	"(e) Protection of Certain United States
18	GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL.—The provisions of section
19	1004 of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
20	2000dd–1) shall apply with respect to any criminal pros-
21	ecution relating to the detention and interrogation of indi-
22	viduals described in such provisions that is grounded in
23	an offense under subsection (a) by reason of subsection
24	(c)(3) with respect to actions occurring between Sep-
25	tember 11, 2001, and December 30, 2005.".

SEC. 9. DETENTION COVERED BY REVIEW OF DECISIONS OF COMBATANT STATUS REVIEW TRIBUNALS OF PROPRIETY OF DETENTION.

4 Section 1005(e)(2)(B)(i) of the Detainee Treatment
5 Act of 2005 (title X of Public Law 109–148; 119 Stat.
6 2742; 10 U.S.C. 801 note) is amended by striking "the
7 Department of Defense at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba" and
8 inserting "the United States".

9 SEC. 10. SEVERABILITY.

10 If any provision of this Act or amendment made by 11 a provision of this Act, or the application of such provision 12 or amendment to any person or circumstance, is held to 13 be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act and the 14 amendments made by this Act, and the application of such 15 provisions and amendments to any other person or cir-16 cumstance, shall not be affected thereby.